

Where Does My Money Come From?



Facilitator Guide







Training Description

Financial skills are important for young people as they transition to adulthood and understand how to manage money. Up to this point, young people have had family members make many decisions for them and have had limited opportunity to take care of their own money. This training focuses on earning income and other ways to get money.

Audience

Young people transitioning into adulthood.

Time

30 minutes

Materials

To facilitate this training, you will need:

- PowerPoint presentation
- Facilitator Guide
- Computer
- Projector (if in person)
- Audio
- EZ-Reader
- Worksheets (see appendix)
- Chart paper
- Sticky notes
- Markers, highlighters, pens and pencils

Learning Objectives

The participants will:

- 1. Identify the difference between wages, salaries, tips, and commission
- 2. List various employer-provided benefits
- 3. Describe different taxes taken from income
- 4. Provide examples of government-provided benefits

Facilitator Notes

This training is scripted with additional ways you can engage participants. Please review this Facilitator Guide and the notes section of the PowerPoint before you begin the training. This training can be presented by a trainer or co-trainers. There will be opportunities for an additional trainer or a person with lived experience to share their experiences throughout the training. Vocabulary on the Facilitator Guide:

- Read Slide—read word for word from the slide.
- SAY—read the script provided (sentence are not on the slide—they are available for extra ways to discuss the slide)
- ASK—read the scripted questions (additional ways to engage the participants added if no response)
- Person with lived experience—self-advocate or family member

Key Words

Benefits—things other than money you get from a job.

Commission—a percentage of money based on what you sell.

Government benefits—money for people who have disabilities and/or need extra help.

Gross pay—total earnings during a pay period before any deductions are removed.

Hourly wage—money that is paid for work completed hourly.

Income—the money received from a job.

Net pay—earnings after all deductions are removed.

Salary—a set amount of money paid to a person for regular work or services.

Social Security tax—government tax taken from your paycheck to be used for people who have already retired and for people with certain disabilities.

Taxes—money taken out of your paycheck by the government to improve the federal, state or local community.

Tip—extra amount of money a customer gives due to a good job.

Trusts—A way to put money in an account to be used as needed.

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with
		Lived Experience
Section 1 – Introducti	on	
1 minute		
SAY: We will refer to the EZ-Reader Where Does My Money Come From? throughout the training. A learning activity will be towards the end of the training. Please ask questions as we go through.	Community Life Guide Where Does My Money Come From? **Community Life Guide Where Does My Money Come From? **Community Life Guide **Community Life	
SAY: Financial skills are important for young people as they transition to adulthood and understand how to manage money. Up to this point, young people have had family members make many decisions for them and have had limited opportunity to take care of their own money. This training focuses on earning income and other ways to get money. Read Slide	Learning Objectives The participants will: 1. Identify the differences between wages, salaries, tips and commission 2. List various employer-provided benefits 3. Describe different taxes taken from income 4. Provide examples of government-provided benefits	
Section 2 – Income From	ı Jobs	
8 minutes		
ASK: When you were a child, what were some of the things you did? Facilitator Notes: Ideas to share out if no one responds: Played outside Ate dinner with family Went to school ASK: What are some things you do as an adult?	Becoming an Adult There are a lot of changes that happen when you are an adult. One of the changes is around money.	Share things you did when you were a child. Share tasks/jobs you do around the house. What job do you have or volunteer for in the community?

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Facilitator Notes: Ideas to share out if no one responds: • Get a job • Take care of my things (clean, laundry, etc.) • Talk with friends SAY: We are going to talk about ways to earn income and how you may receive money.		
SAY: Income is the money you have coming in. There are many ways to get money. You can get a job, receive gifts from family/friends, receive a special needs trust, and/or get government benefits.	You Need Money to Live On This is called income. You get income from: - A job - Gifts - Trigonia - Reportment benefits	
SAY: Let's talk about how you get income. SAY: A job is a great way to receive income. Many people think about what they LIKE to do and look for jobs around that interest. ASK: Do you know what kind of job you would like to do?	How to Get Income One way you can get income is by getting a job. The kind of job you can get is based on what you know and what you are good at. Parathesis of the control of the cont	Share jobs you have had or currently have.
Facilitator Notes: Share some examples to start the conversation: • If you enjoy helping people, you could babysit, work in a daycare, work in the school setting, work in a retirement home, hospital, etc.		

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
 If you enjoy working with food, you could work in a restaurant, a grocery store, cafeteria in a specific setting (large building, school, college, etc.) If you enjoy working around sports, you could work at the local ballpark, activity/community centers, etc. SAY: Do not limit yourself. Think of an interest you have and research all the different jobs that would go with that interest. 		
SAY: Once you have a job, there are many ways to be paid money. Read Slide	Ways to Be Paid - Hourly - Salary - Tips - Commission - Seasonal - Job specific - Westermant of Party Commission - Commi	
SAY: If you are working a part-time or full-time job, you could be paid with an hourly wage. This is where the employer offers you a specific wage for the time you work. SAY: There are free websites that help you calculate what you may make in a pay period. Facilitator Notes: Talk through this example as you use the online calculator (click on link) https://www.adp.com/resources/tools/calculators/hourly-paycheck-calculator.aspx	An hourly wage is being gald a certain amount of money for each hour you work. 6: \$7.00 an hour x 15 hours of work = \$105.00 Many websites can help you calculate your total or gross pay. Institute was dearn through the width hour. Standard and the work of the work o	Use the calculator on the website as the facilitator talks through the website. Or use the poster paper to do the math for participants.

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
SAY: For example: you work in the concession stand at the ballpark and are paid \$7.00 an hour. You work 3 hours a day during a week. You work a 5-day work week. To figure out your weekly wage, multiply the number of hours you work each day (3) and the number of days in a week (5). $3 \times 5 = 15$. Once you have your total for the work week (15), multiply that by the amount you are being paid hourly (\$7.00).		
Read example from slide: \$7.00 x 15 hours = \$105.00		
SAY: If you receive a salary, the amount you are paid does not change no matter how many hours you work. You are paid a set amount yearly. That amount is divided based on your pay period. You could be paid weekly, biweekly or monthly.	Salary Salary means you get paid the same amount for each pay period. A pay period could be: • Weekly • Every 2 weeks • Monthly	
Facilitator Notes:		
Share example: If you are paid \$35,000 a year, you divide that amount based on your pay period.		
Monthly\$35,000/12 months = \$2,917 Bi-weekly\$35,000/26 weeks = \$1,346		
Weekly\$35,000/52 weeks = \$673		

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
ASK: Have you ever been to a restaurant and seen your parents or friends pay extra money when they receive the bill? SAY: This is a tip. You give a tip to someone that has done a great job p roviding service. A waiter/waitress will receive a tip when they have done a great job getting the orders for the table. Also, being friendly and social is important. A tip is on top of the hourly rate of pay you receive from the employer.	Tips A tip is an extra amount of money a customer gives because you do a good phorpy may be a customer gives because you do a good phorpy may be a customer gives because you do a good phorpy may be a customer gives because you do a good phorpy may be a customer gives give gives you do a good phorpy gives	Share a time you have given a tip.
SAY: Commission is very similar to a tip. If you are doing a gre at job selling something, you may g et a commission. A commission is an amount based on what was sold. SAY: For example, some clothing stores pay their workers a commission based on what they sold to the customer. Shirt, pants, shoes totaled \$65.00. commission could be 10% of \$65.00. That is \$6.50. You could make an extra \$6.50 in addition to your hourly wage.	Commission A commission means you get paid additional money when you sell something. Job that get commission: Retail or store worker Retail or store worker Car salesman	Provide other examples of when someone would receive a commission.
SAY: A specific or seasonal job could be a job you do to help someone or a job that only is for a specific amount of time. Facilitator Notes: Share examples: Your neighbor needs help building a new fence. They offer to pay you \$10.00 an hour to help them build the fence. This job will last until the fence is built.	Specific Jobs or Seasonal Work Some businesses hire people to do work for a certain amount of time. Jobs that hire for specific or seasonal work: • Yard work • Holiday help in a store • Amusement park	

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
 The community ballpark has seasonal jobs during the summer season. You work the concession stand during their summer season. The job will last until the season is over (May to August). The local mall needs holiday workers to help during the holiday season. You work as a store clerk until the holiday season is over (November to January). 		
SAY: Jobs that are more flexible are based on what you would like to do. These jobs are based on the time you have available. You set the sch edule. Facilitator Notes: Share example: You could work for DoorDash and only sign up for Saturday because you do not work your other job, or you are not at school on Saturday.	Jobs with Flexible Hours Jobs with flexible hours change when you want them to. Jobs with flexible hours pay you only when you work. Jobs with flexible hours - Priving for Uber or Lyft - DoorDash - Upwork	
SAY: When you own your own business, you are the boss. You get money from the job you do. You do not have an employer that gives you a paycheck. You often have clients or customers that pay you for the service you provide. Facilitator Notes: Share examples: • Lawn work • Babysitting • Selling items that you create (jewelry, pictures, etc.)	Popel Who Own a Business When you own a business, you are responsible for all the things that are needed to run your business. Who was a business is called "expenses." Expenses come out of the money you take in.	

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Section 3 – Benefits From 2 minutes	n a Job	
SAY: We just talked about ways to receive money. If you work for an employer or business, you will receive a paycheck. The employer or business can provide additional benefits that go along with your job. SAY: Benefits are provided by the employer. Some of the benefits may be covered by the employer and some may be taken out or DEDUCTED from the money you will receive. SAY: Benefits can be insurance for medical coverage. This is very important and considered a benefit because it benefits you. There may be an amount taken from your paycheck, but it is for medical coverage that may be needed in the future.	In addition to income, you can get benefits from a job. Partition of the control	
SAY: Other benefits that may be deducted from your paycheck are for medical spending accounts or retirement. These are voluntary deductions, meaning you can say yes or no if you want the deduction taken from your paycheck. SAY: Paid Time Off (PTO) is a benefit that is not deducted from your paycheck. It is provided once you work a certain amount of time. PTO can be used for sick leave, vacation or holidays. SAY: PTO means you can take time off and still get paid.	Benefits Medical spending accounts Money's taken out of your percheck to pay for health care. Retirement Part of your wages are put aside for a retirement plan. Retirement Final Time off (PTO) You continue to get wages when you take to the continue to get wages when you take to the continue to get to ske kime - Paid holidays	

Discussion Points and Learning Activity		Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Section 4 – Taxes From a	Jo	ob	
SAY: We just talked about ways you receive money and additional ben efits that go along with your job. Your employer will pay you but will also take out taxes determined by the federal and state government.		Community Life Guide Taxes	
SAY: Taxes are mandatory payments or charges collected by the federal and state government. These taxes are used to cover the costs of general government services, goods and activities. If you receive a paycheck, your employer or business must take out taxes.		Papersined of Province of State Control Stat	
SAY: Taxes are not all bad. They provide money for our community. Taxes pay the salary of our service providers (police, firefighters, and teachers). Taxes pay to keep our roads repaired and our parks safe.		Federal and state taxes help pay for things people in the community use like: - Roads	
SAY: Social Security is taken out of everyone's paycheck. This tax will come back to you once you retire as well as provide support for certain disabilities.		Social Security tax is used to pay money to people with base and disabilities. Replie with certain disabilities.	
SAY: Employer benefits and government taxes are important to understand when you are reviewing your check stub and your payroll check.		Gross pay is total earnings during a pay period before any deductions are removed. Management Management	

Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Know Your Paycheck Squarement of sheathflows as	Help encourage participants to answer questions around video.
tivity	
What is on Your Paycheck? What is on Your Paycheck? The control of the contro	Help groups work through handout.
	Know Your Paycheck **Continued of Paycheck Research On Paycheck Researc

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Facilitator Notes: The participants will use the CtLC What Is on Your Paycheck? Use the handout to talk through the learning activity. This can be with the whole group or split into smaller groups. 1. Read through the first page. 2. Discuss the payroll check. 3. Review the check stub. 4. Answer the questions on first page.		
Section 6 – Other Inco	me	
 SAY: Other types of income or ways to receive money are: Gifts from friends or family Special needs trust Government benefits 	There Are Other Ways You Can Get Money - Gifts of money - Trusts - Government Benefit - Descriptions of Catalification	
SAY: Gifts of money can be from your family or friends. They can be given to you for holidays, birthdays or for a big purchase. (ex. Your family may want to give you money to help purchase a car).	Gifts of Money Your family or friends might give you money for a birthday or other special event. Parameter of Charles and C	
SAY: A special needs trust is a way family can put money in an account for you to use as you need it. This money does not prevent you from accessing your government benefits. This trust often pays for living expenses after government benefits has provided funding. (ex. Medicaid has paid for a certain amount of health coverage. The trust will pay the remaining amount).	Trusts A special needs trust is a way for someone to give you money. The money in this kind of trust does not keep you from getting public benefits.	

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
Read Slide	Government Benefits Government benefits are benefits that help with living expenses.	
Read Slide SAY: Social Security Income or SSI is a set amount based on your income. SSI is money that can help with food, rent, clothing, etc.	Supplemental Security Income Supplemental Security Income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is money that is pad every month to proper security income (SS) is more than the proper security income (SS) is	
Read Slide SAY: Medicaid helps cover many medical expenses.	Medicaid Medicaid is a health care program provided by the government to help pay for health care services. People with disabilities and people with a low income can get Medicaid.	
Read Slide SAY: The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program or SNAP covers nutritional food. This program is based on your income.	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SMP) is a program that can help you get nutritional food. **Program** **P	
SAY: Department of Housing and Urban Development or HUD is a housing assistance program through the government. This program helps find appropriate housing based on your income.	Department of Housing and Urban Development HUD is a Housing Assistance program that gives you a coupon to help pay your rent. **Particular of Housing Assistance program that gives you a coupon to help pay your rent. **Particular of Housing Assistance program that gives you a coupon to help pay your rent. **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you a coupon to help pay your rent. **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you a coupon to help pay your rent. **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you accurate the head of the housing and Urban Development **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you accurate the head of the housing and Urban Development **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you accurate the head of the housing and Urban Development **Particular of Housing Assistance Program that gives you accurate the head of the housing Assistance Program that gives you accurate the head of the head	

Discussion Points and Learning Activity	Materials/Slides	Co-Trainer or Person with Lived Experience
SAY: The information provided in this training is based on the resources listed. The resources may help you as you learn more about income and how working can provide multiple benefits. This modul e goes along with the EZ-Reader Where Does My Money Come From? Thank you for joining us.	Resources Pacer Center-Printable sheet to list your income https://www.accar.org/mbiblestons/nossibilities/images/stories/downlo- sht/s/www.accar.org/mbiblestons/nossibilities/images/stories/downlo- sht/s/www.accar.org/mbiblestons/nossibilities/images/stories/downlo- sht/s/www.accar.org/mbiblestons/nossibilities/images/stories/downlo- sht/s/www.accar.org/mbiblestons/hourly-paychesk- catalisties/accar. YouTube Video: Know Your Paychesk https://www.accar.ube.com/watch/no/YB1s224mf0	
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What is on your paycheck?

You have a job and receive a paycheck. What does everything mean? The check stub attached to the paycheck shows what your gross pay is and, after deductions, your net income. Net income is what you receive after deductions.

The standard deductions taken from your paycheck are:

- Federal income tax
- State income tax
- Social Security (FICA)

1. What are the gross earnings?

It is important to keep your check stub. You may need it for a record of your earnings and deductions.

Using the paystub and paycheck on the next page to answer the following questions.

- 2. How much was deducted for Federal taxes?
- 3. How much was deducted for State taxes?
- 4. How much was deducted for FICA/Social Security?
- 5. What are the net earnings?







